



KERMIT LYNCH WINE MERCHANT

## DOMAINE FOLLIN-ARBELET

Country: France

Region: Burgundy

Appellation(s): Aloxé-Corton, Pernand-Vergelesses, Corton Grand Cru, Corton Bressandes Grand Cru, Corton Charlemagne Grand Cru, Romanée Saint Vivant Grand Cru

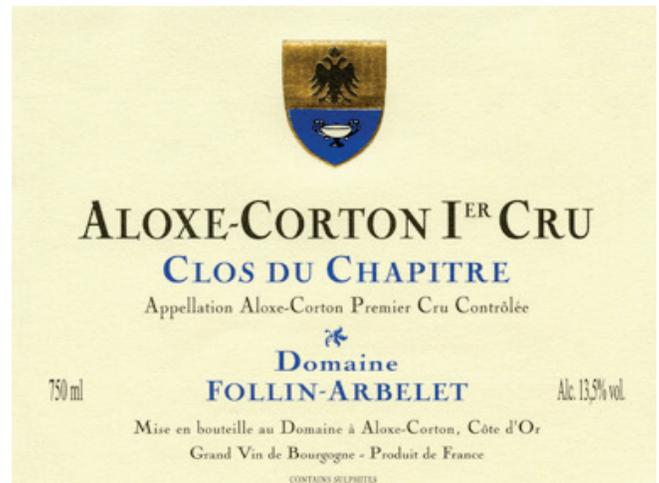
Producer: Franck Follin

Founded: 1993

Annual Production: 2,100-2,500 cases

Farming: Lutte raisonnée

Website: [www.domaine-follin-arbelet.com](http://www.domaine-follin-arbelet.com)



Still waters run deep with Franck Follin-Arbelet. He may seem quiet and unassuming, but the intensity of his wines speaks louder than words. Having grown up in Burgundy's famous Côte d'Or, he was always attracted to viticulture, but his family's vines were all rented out to *métayers* (share croppers), and they did not make their own wine. Instead, he gravitated towards Geology, a field that gave him an expertise in soil. His wife, Christine, comes from the famous Latour family, and her father, André Masson (once the *régisseur* at the Hospices de Beaune), had his own vines. In 1990, when the opportunity came to join André's domaine in Aloxé-Corton, Franck jumped at the chance, giving up one noble career in *terroir* to take on another. In 1993, André retired and Franck took over the direction of the domaine.

Franck and Christine are fortunate to farm one village wine, four *premier crus*, and four *grand crus* in Aloxé-Corton (their hometown), Pernand-Vergelesses, and Vosne-Romanée. Pedigreed land such as this demands much of its stewards, so Franck farms sustainably without synthetic fertilizers or weed killers, working the soils regularly to aerate them and keep them healthy. Their winery and cellars are as picturesque as they are practical—said to be the deepest in their village. In traditional Burgundian homes of this time (1764), the family lives on the second and third floors, above a first floor winery and deep cellars below. This kind of depth makes the cellars colder and more humid than most, two key components in crafting age-worthy wines. Vinifications are in the old-school style, fermenting slowly in open-top wooden vats, using only indigenous yeasts, and the wines are bottled in all of their unadulterated glory, unfinned and unfiltered. Both pure and intense, they are deep with stony freshness, explosive with bright fruit, and framed with balanced structure.

When asked what inspires him the most, Franck responded, “wine that represents its *terroir* and a job well done.” Simply put; not so simply executed—but tasting the wines of Domaine Follin-Arbelet is not only inspirational—it is a revelation.

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## DOMAINE FOLLIN-ARBELET (continued)

<u>Wine</u>	<u>Blend</u>	<u>Vine Age</u>	<u>Soil Type</u>	<u>Vineyard Area*</u>
Aloxe-Corton	Pinot Noir	Planted in 1950s, 1969	Clay, Limestone	.8 ha
Pernand-Vergelesses <i>Blanc</i>	Chardonnay	20 years avg	Clay, Limestone	N/A
Pernand-Vergelesses 1 <sup>er</sup> Cru <i>En Caradeux</i>	Pinot Noir	Planted in 1960s	Clay, Limestone	.36 ha
Pernand-Vergelesses 1 <sup>er</sup> Cru <i>Les Fichots</i>	Pinot Noir	Planted in 1976, 1985	Clay, Limestone	.5 ha
Aloxe-Corton 1 <sup>er</sup> Cru <i>Les Vercots</i>	Pinot Noir	Planted in 1947, 1987, 1989	Clay, Limestone	1.1 ha
Aloxe-Corton 1 <sup>er</sup> Cru <i>Clos du Chapitre</i>	Pinot Noir	Planted in 1965, 1981, 1983, 1991	Clay, Limestone, Gravel	.95 ha
Corton Grand Cru	Pinot Noir	Planted in 1978	Yellow Clay, Marl	.4 ha
Corton Bressandes Grand Cru	Pinot Noir	Planted between 1955- 1960	Clay, Limestone	.43 ha
Corton Charlemagne Grand Cru	Chardonnay	Planted between 1955- 1960	White Marl	.5 ha
Romanée Saint Vivant Grand Cru	Pinot Noir	Planted in 1973	Clay, Limestone	.5 ha

\* "ha"=hectares; one hectare equals roughly two and a half acres

## VITICULTURE / VINIFICATION

- Vineyards are sustainably farmed
- All grapes are harvested by hand and sorted
- 100% of the grapes are de-stemmed
- Parcels are all vinified separately in open-topped, wooden vats
- Natural fermentations with indigenous yeasts

### Corton Charlemagne Grand Cru:

- Grapes are pressed immediately after harvest
- Juice is raked directly into *fûts* after one night of decanting
- Alcoholic fermentation occurs in *tonneaux* for anywhere from several weeks to months

### Reds:

- Grapes macerate for several days at 15°-17° Celsius, then must go through alcoholic fermentation with occasional punch-downs and pump-overs
- Must pressed gently by pneumatic press
- *Jus de presse* is blended in with first press wine to settle for 24-48 hours
- Wines are raked by gravity directly into oak *fûts* deep into the cellar below the winery. The percentage of new oak varies with the vintage and appellation.
- Wines enjoy a long, slow *élevage* before being bottled unfiltered and unfiltered